



Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

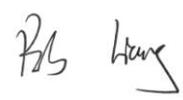
# TEST REPORT

Client.....: Anker Technology Co., Ltd.

Address.....: Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok,  
Kowloon, Hongkong

Manufacturer.....: HU NAN GIANTSUN POWER ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Address.....: Building 16-17, Taiwan Industrial Zone, Nonferrous Metals  
Industrial Park, Chenzhou, Hunan

Written by : 

Approved by : 

Position : Authorized signatory



Date(s) of Report : 2016-08-16 to 2016-08-19

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to HCS-2012 APPENDIX D TO § 1910.1200 (Version: 1.0/EN)

## Section 1. Identification

### (a) Product identifier

Product name: POWER BANK

### (b) Other means of identification

Product description:

Model: A1252

Nominal Voltage: 3.6V

Rated Capacity: 15600mAh

Rating:

Input: 5V $\overline{=}$ 2A, Output: 5V $\overline{=}$ 4.8A

Watt-hour: 57.72Wh

Weight: 354.61g

### (c) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: POWER BANK

Restriction on use: No information available.

### (d) Details of the supplier of the product

Company name (China): HU NAN GIANTSUN POWER ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Address: Building 16-17, Taiwan Industrial Zone, Nonferrous Metals Industrial Park,  
Chenzhou, Hunan

Telephone No.: 17722806335

Fax: 0755-61892583

Email: derric.bai@anker.com

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

### (a) Preparation hazards and classification

No harm at the normal use. When the battery is in extreme pressure deformation, high-temperature environment, overload, short-circuit condition, or disassemble the battery, an explosion of fire and chemical burn hazards may occur.

### (b) Primary Route(s) of Exposure

These chemicals are contained in a sealed stainless steel enclosure or a sealed aluminum foil pocket. Risk of exposure occurs only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the point of compromising the enclosure. If this occurs, exposure to the electrolyte solution

contained within can occur by inhalation, ingestion, eye contact and skin contact.

**(c) Potential Health Effects:**

**ACUTE (short term):** See section 8 for exposure controls In the event that this battery has been ruptured, the electrolyte solution contained within the battery would be corrosive and can cause burns.

**Inhalation:** A battery volatilizes no gas unless it was damaged. Damaged battery will volatilize little gas that may stimulate the respiratory tract or cause an anaphylaxis in serious condition.

**Ingestion:** Swallowing battery will be damaged to the respiratory tract and cause chemical burns to the stomach; inserious conditions it will cause permanent damage.

**Skin:** In normal condition, contact between the battery and skin will not cause any harms. Contact with a damaged battery may cause skin allergies or chemical burns.

**Eye:** In normal condition, contact between the battery and eyes will not cause any harms. However, the gas volatilize from a damaged battery may be harmful to eyes.

**CHRONIC (long term):** See Section 11 for additional toxicological data.

**(d)Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure**

No information available.

**(e)Reported as carcinogen**

No information available.

**GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements:**



GHS02



GHS05



GHS06

**Signal word: Warning**

**Hazard statement(s):**

H242:Heating may cause a fire;

H311: Toxic in contact with skin;

H314:Causes severe skin burns and eye damage;

H302:Harmful if swallowed;

H332:Harmful if inhaled;

**Precautionary statements:**

**Prevention:**

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

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P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

**Response:**

P312: Call a Poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302+P350-IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water

P301+P330+P331-IF SWALLOWED: rise mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**Disposal:**

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

Not Applicable

### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(a) Mixtures information

Chemical Name	Concentration%	CAS No.
Lithium Cobalt Oxide(CoLiO <sub>2</sub> )	29	12190-79-3
Graphite	17	7782-42-5
Carbon black	4	1333-86-4
Carbonate, methyl ethyl	10	623-53-0
Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium	9	21324-40-3
Copper	16	7440-50-8
Nickel	4	7440-02-0
Aluminum	11	7429-90-5

### Section 4. First-Aid Measures

(a) Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact:** Remove contaminated clothes and rinse the skin with plenty of water. Get

medical advice /attention if you feel unwell.

**Eye contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

**Ingestion:** Have victim drink 60 to 240 mL (2-8 oz.) of water. and DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid.

**(b) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

Contact with internal components may cause allergic skin sensitization (rash) and irritate eyes, skin, nose, throat, respiratory system. Cobalt and Cobalt compounds are considered to be possible human carcinogen(s).

**(c) Immediate medical attention and special treatment**

No information available.

## **Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures**

**(a) Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Use foam, dry powder or dry sand, CO<sub>2</sub> as appropriate.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No information available.

**(b) Special hazards arising from the chemical**

Under fire conditions, batteries may burst and release hazardous decomposition products when exposed to a fire situation. This could result in the release of flammable or corrosive materials.

Hazardous combustion products: CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, Metal oxides, Irritating fumes.

**(c) Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters**

Firefighters must wear fire resistant protective equipment and appropriate breathing apparatus. The staff must equip with filtermask (full mask) or isolated breathing apparatus. The staff must wear the clothes which can defense the fire and the toxic gas. Put out the fire in the upwind direction. Remove the container to the open space as soon as possible. Spray water on the containers in the fireplace to keep them cool until finish extinguishment.

## **Section 6. Accidental Release Measures**

**(a) Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

If the Li-ion Battery material is released, remove personnel from area until fumes dissipate. Provide maximum ventilation to clear out hazardous gases. The preferred response is to leave the area, dispose the case after the batteries cool and vapors dissipate. Provide maximum ventilation. Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapors.

**(b) Environmental Precautions**

Prevent material from contaminating soil and from entering sewers or waterways.

**(c) Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

If battery casing is dismantled, small amounts of electrolyte may leak. Collect all released material in a plastic lined container. Dispose off according to the local law and rules. Avoid leached substances to get into the earth, canalization or waters.

## **Section 7. Handling and Storage**

**(a) Precautions for safe handling**

Always follow the warning information on the batteries and in the manuals of devices. Only use the recommended battery types. Keep batteries away from children. For devices to be used by children, the battery casing should be protected against unauthorized access. Unpacked batteries shall not lie about in bulk. In case of battery change always replace all batteries by new ones of identical type and brand. Do not swallow batteries. Do not throw batteries into water. Do not throw batteries into fire. Avoid deep discharge. Do not short-circuit batteries Use recommended charging time and current.

**(b) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

If the Li-ion Battery is subject to storage for such a long term as more than 3 months, it is recommended to recharge the Li-ion Battery periodically. Operating temperature: Charge: 0°C~45°C. Discharge: -10°C~50°C. And recommended at -10°C~45°C for 1 month storage, at -10~35°C for 3 months storage. The capacity recovery rate in the delivery state (50% capacity of fully charged) after storage is assumed to be 80% or more. The voltage for a long time storage shall be 3.7V~4.2V range. Do not storage Li-ion Battery haphazardly in a box or drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be short-circuited by other metal objects. Keep out of reach of children.

## **Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

**(a) Engineering Controls**

Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to control sources of dust, mist, fumes and vapor. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place.

**(b) Personal Protective Equipment**

**Respiratory Protection:** Not necessary under normal conditions. **Skin and body Protection:** Not necessary under normal conditions, Wear neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves if handling an open or leaking battery.

**Hand protection:** Wear neoprene or natural rubber material gloves if handling an open or leaking battery.

**Eye Protection:** Not necessary under normal conditions, wear safety glasses if handling an open

or leaking battery.

**(c) Other Protective Equipment**

Have a safety shower and eye wash fountain readily available in the immediate work area.

**(d) Hygiene Measures**

Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area. Maintain good housekeeping.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

(a) Appearance	Silver	Solid
(b) Odor		Monotony
(c) Odor threshold		Not available.
(d) pH		Not available.
(e) Melting point/freezing point		Not available.
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range		Not available.
(g) Flash point		Not applicable.
(h) Evaporation rate		Not applicable.
(i) Flammability		Non flammable.
(j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		Not available.
(k) Vapor pressure		Not applicable.
(l) Vapor density		Not available.
(m) Relative density		Not available.
(n) Solubility(ies)		Insoluble in water.
(o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available.
(p) Auto-ignition temperature		130°C
(q) Decomposition temperature		Not available.
(r) Viscosity		Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

**(a) Reactivity**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

**(b) Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

**(c) Possibility of hazardous reactions**

When heated above 150°C the risk of rupture occurs. Due to special safety construction, rupture implies cont release of pressure without ignition.

**(d) Conditions to avoid**

Do not subject Li-ion Battery to mechanical shock. Keep away from open flames, high

temperature.

**(e) Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidizer, strong acid.

**(f) Hazardous decomposition products**

Under fire conditions, the electrode materials can form carcinogenic nickel and cobalt oxides.

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

**(a) Information on the likely routes of exposure**

**Inhalation:** Inhalation of a large number of vapors or fumes released due to heat may cause respiratory.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion of battery contents may cause mouth, throat and intestinal burns and damage.

**Skin contact:** Contact with battery electrolyte may cause burns and skin irritation.

**Eye contact:** Contact with battery electrolyte may cause burns. Eye damage is possible.

Under normal conditions (during charge and discharge) release of ingredients does not occur.

If accidental release occurs see information in section 2, and 4. Swallowing of a battery can be harmful. Call the local Poison Control Centre for advice and follow-up.

**(b) Information on toxicological characteristics**

**Acute toxicity:** No data available.

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** The liquid in the battery irritates.

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** The liquid in the battery irritates.

**Respiratory sensitization:** The liquid in the battery may cause sensitization to some person.

**skin sensitization:** The liquid in the battery may cause sensitization to some person.

**Carcinogenicity:** Cobalt and Cobalt compounds are considered to be possible human carcinogen(s).

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** No data available.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** No data available.

**STOT-Single Exposure:** No data available.

**STOT-Repeated Exposure:** No data available.

**Aspiration Hazard:** No data available.

## Section 12. Ecological Information

**(a) Ecotoxicity**

Water hazard class 1(Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water.

**(b) Persistence and Degradability**

No information available.

**(c) Bioaccumulative potential**

No information available.

**(d) Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**(e) Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

**(a) Safe handling and methods of disposal**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements. Product disposal recommendation: Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations. Packaging disposal recommendation: Be aware discarded batteries may cause fire, tape the battery terminals to insulate them. Don't disassembly the battery. Completely discharge containers (no tear drops, no powder rest, scraped carefully). Containers may be recycled or re-used. Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations. The potential effects on the environment and human health of the substances used in batteries and accumulators; the desirability of not disposing of waste batteries and accumulators as unsorted municipal waste and of participating in their separate collection so as to facilitate treatment and recycling.

## Section 14. Transport Information

According to PACKING INSTRUCTION 965 of IATA DGR 57th Edition for transportation, the special provision 188 of IMDG (inc Amdt 37-14). The batteries should be securely packed and protected against short-circuits. Examine whether the package of the containers are integrate and tighten closed before transport. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping, and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles. Don't put the goods together with oxidizer and chief food chemicals. The transport vehicle and ship should be cleaned and sterilized before transport. During transport, the vehicle should prevent exposure, rain and high temperature. For stopovers, the vehicle should be away from fire and heat sources. When transported by sea, the assemble place should keep away from bedroom and kitchen, and isolated from the engine room, power and fire source. Under the condition of Road Transportation, the driver should drive in accordance with regulated route, don't stop over in the residential area and congested area.

**(a) UN number**

3480

